

English



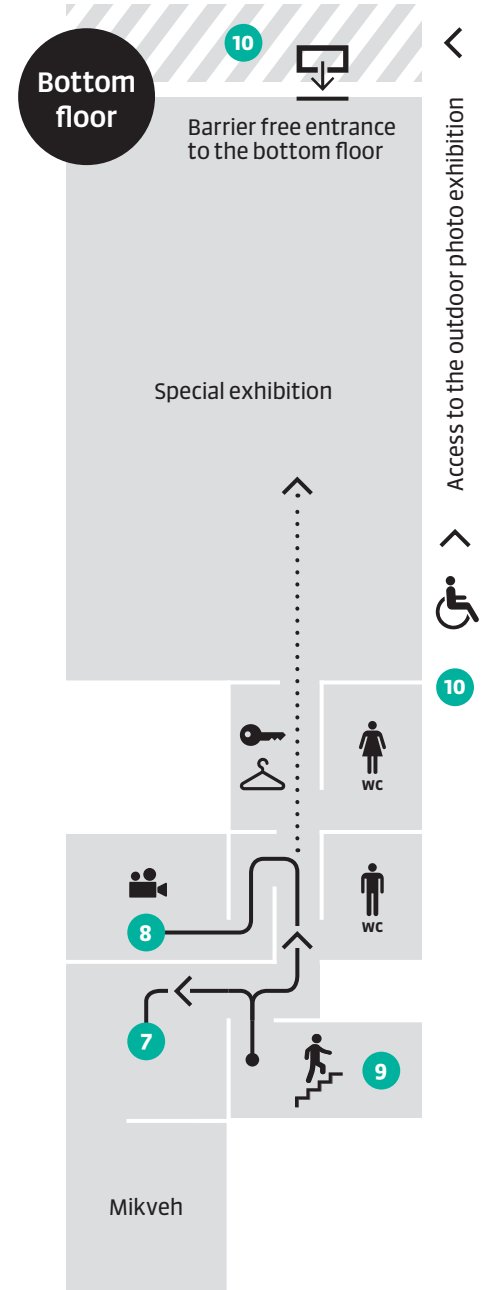
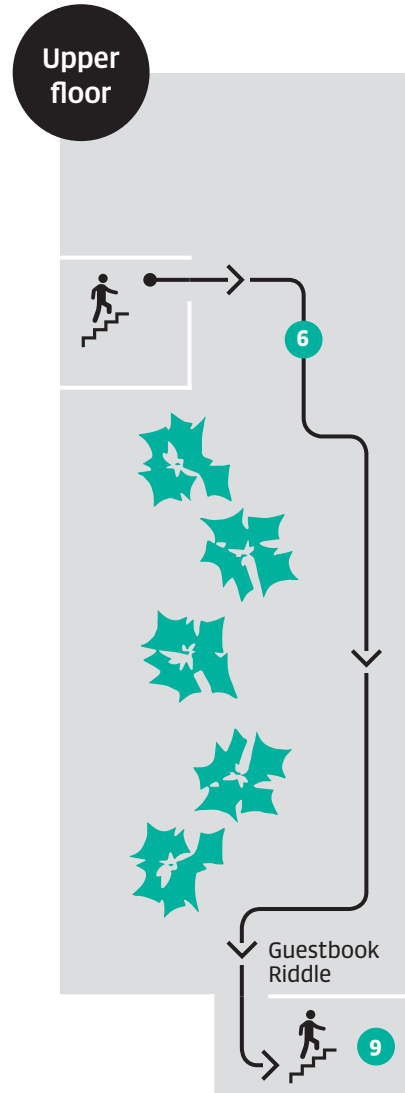
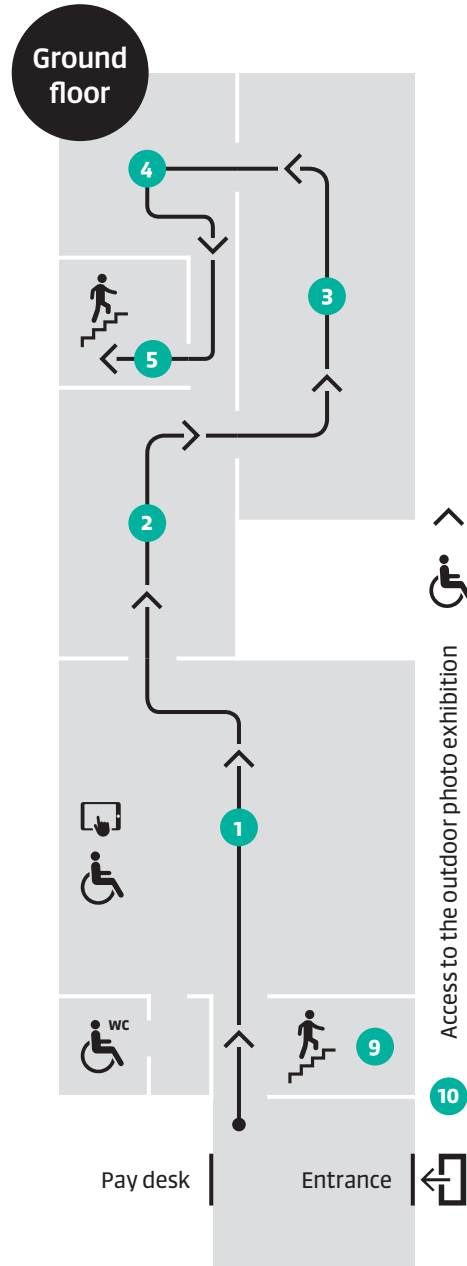
# PLACE OF REMEMBRANCE

Permanent exhibition



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## Welcome

### Place of Remembrance BADEHAUS

This private museum is run on a voluntary basis.



# 1 Introduction

## 1.1 The Bathhouse

- 1 The building was erected in 1940/41 and was originally a sanitation facility for male armament workers, necessary because the residential housing had no bathrooms. On the ground floor of this *Männerbrausebad* (shower-bath for men) there was an assembly room, as well as several changing cubicles, showers and toilets. There were further showers and baths in the cellar.

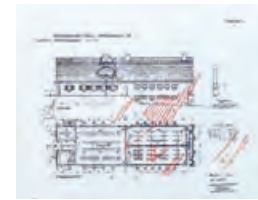
Following the war, this facility was also used by displaced persons. There were set days for men and women. In addition, there was a Jewish ritual bath in the cellar – the mikveh.

The *Badebau* (bath building) was renovated and remodelled in 1963, after the Archdiocese Munich-Freising took the camp over. Teachers' apartments were placed on the ground floor, student rooms in the attic. The cellar was used for storage, heating, laundry, and as a workshop.

The last residents moved out in 2011. Four years later the ownership of the building was transferred to the association *Bürger fürs BADEHAUS Waldram-Föhrenwald e.V.* by the *Erzbischöfliches Spätberufenensemiar St. Matthias* (archiepiscopal late vocation seminary of St. Matthias).



- 2 In 2012, the building on Kolpingplatz 1-3 was to be torn down. After a long struggle, the association *Bürger fürs BADEHAUS Waldram-Föhrenwald e.V.* was able to save the historical estate, intending to adapt it into a memorial site and a place of encounters.



- 3 When architect Lothar Schwaiger drew up the plans for the *Männerbrausebad* (shower-bath for men) in 1939, Camp Föhrenwald was still called *Bereit-schaftslager Stein*. The building was constructed in the traditional regional style typical of the time.



> The photo credits can be found under each of the illustrations in the exhibition.

## 1.2 Max Mannheimer Forum



### 1 History of the settlement

One of the oldest postcards of Föhrenwald (aerial shot, ca. 1956). It dates from the transitional period when the camp was still partly inhabited by Jewish DPs, but Catholic German Expellees had already begun to move in.



- 2 Three historical phases characterise Föhrenwald, or present-day Waldram: The National Socialist period (up to 1945), the Jewish displaced persons period (up to 1956/57) and the German Expellees period (after 1956). This is reflected in the various street names. At first, they were named after cities of the “Greater German Reich”; then, American states; finally, Catholic figures and places of the German Expellees.



- 3 Supporters of the Place of Remembrance BADEHAUS

> Translations of these quotations can be found at the end of the museum guide (pp. 50-52).

- 4 Interactive screen with short films and media educational offerings

### 5 From Föhrenwald to Waldram

Adolf-Hitler-Platz – Roosevelt Square – Seminarplatz: 3 phases of settlement – 3 names typical of their time

A camp was built in 1939 in the Wolfratshausen Forest for the arms workers of the nearby munitions factories. Up to 5,000 men and women from 18 countries lived here during the Nazi period – German drafted labourers, as well as foreign civil and forced labourers.

Immediately after the war, concentration camp survivors and people made homeless by the war from a variety of nations and religions were lodged here. They were called displaced persons (DPs). From October 1945, Föhrenwald developed into one of the largest and longest-existing Jewish DP camps in Europe. Over the course of 12 years, tens of thousands of DPs temporarily lived in this camp.

From 1956 onwards, mostly Catholic German Expellees with large numbers of children came here. Föhrenwald was renamed to Waldram and its streets, once again, received new names.



> Media station for the exhibition “Forest of Remembrance”, for people with disabilities, since the top floor unfortunately cannot be reached with a wheelchair.

**Den vollständigen Guide können Sie zu den  
Öffnungszeiten an der Kasse im Erinnerungsort  
BADEHAUS ausleihen.**